LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024
with
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	18
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	19
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	49
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	50
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budget and Actual – General Fund and Special Revenue Fund	51
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) – County Employees Retirement System	52

Schedule of District Contributions – County Employees Retirement System
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – County Employees
Retirement System – Pension Fund
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset) – County Employees Retirement System – Medical Insurance Plan
Schedule of District Contributions – County Employees Retirement System- Medical Insurance Plan
Note to Required Supplementary Information – County Employees Retirement System- Medical Insurance Plan57
Schedule of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System
Schedule of State Contributions – Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System
Cyclott
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System
Schedule of the State's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset) –Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System Medical Insurance Plan
Schedule of State Contribution – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Medical Insurance Plan
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Kentucky Teachers' System – Medical Insurance Plan
Schedule of the States' Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset) – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System– Life Insurance Plan
Schedule of State Contributions – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Life Insurance Plan
Note to Required Supplementary Information – Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Life Insurance Fund
Other Supplementary Information
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-major Governmental Funds
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Elementary and Middle School Activity Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – South Laurel High School Activity Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – North Laurel High School Activity Fund	72
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	75
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	77
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	78
Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	80
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Programs	84
Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	86
Independent Auditors' Transmittal Letter for Management Letter Comments	88
Management Letter Comments	89



Business Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Laurel County School District London, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel County School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

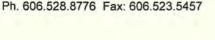
1700 Forest Drive, Corbin, KY 40701

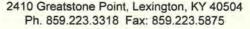
We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter





Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the pension and other postemployment benefits liability and contribution information per the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Cloyd & Associates, PSC London, Kentucky January 31, 2025

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the Laurel County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements and notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's solid financial position is attributed to sound fiscal management and continuing review of all policies in search of ways to increase revenues and/or reduce costs. Our current financial position is strong and our budget for FY 2024 is solid and supports the educational needs of the students the District serves while at the same time can respond to the fluid nature of changes in the current economic landscape.

Bonds are issued as the District renovates and builds facilities consistent with long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) stringent compliance regulations. The District's net total bonded debt decreased by \$6,990,000 during the current fiscal year. In fiscal year 2024, excluding revenue from transfers and sales of assets, total government fund revenues were approximately \$126 million which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes and excluding construction costs of \$15.64 million, total government fund expenditures, net of transfers, were approximately \$119 million.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plants, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories:

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic activities are reported in these funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The statements for these funds provide a short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services they provide to help determine where financial resources may be found to finance the District's programs.

Proprietary Funds: These are business-type activities where the District charges students or parents for the services it provides. These funds are reported using the full accrual accounting method in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. School food service is the major activity considered as business-type activities in the District.

Fiduciary funds: These are trust funds used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. These funds are not reflected in the District-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the District's own activities or programs. The basis of accounting for fiduciary funds is similar to that of proprietary funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position is an indicator of a district's financial position. Laurel County School District assets exceeded liabilities by \$71,627,883 as of June 30, 2024, an increase of \$14,421,174 from the previous year.

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Position Comparison Statement		June 30, 2024	-	June 30, 2023		Change
Current assets	\$	42,065,148	\$	38,290,120	\$	3,775,028
Capital assets net of depreciation		167,727,093		155,874,452		11,852,641
Total Assets		209,792,241		194,164,572		15,627,669
Deferred outlows of resources	_	21,607,534	_	23,646,905		(2,039,371)
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		21,607,534		23,646,905		(2,039,371)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	231,399,775	\$	217,811,477	\$	13,588,298
Current liabilities	\$	27,222,310	\$	15,791,852	\$	11,430,458
Long-term liabilities		107,013,664		127,927,827		(20,914,163)
Total Liabilities		134,235,974		143,719,679		(9,483,705)
Deferred inflows		25,535,918	_	16,884,650		8,651,268
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		25,535,918		16,884,650		8,651,268
Net Position						
Investment in capital assets,						
net of debt		93,976,495		75,101,279		18,875,216
Restricted		15,323,017		17,890,786		(2,567,769)
Unreserved Fund Balance		(37,671,629)		(35,784,917)	_	(1,886,712)
Total Net Position		71,627,883		57,207,148		14,420,735
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Net Position	\$	231,399,775	\$	217,811,477	\$	13,588,298

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	J	une 30, 2023 Balance	Additions	R	etirements	J	une 30, 2024 Balance
Governmental Activities							
Land	\$	4,392,866	\$ 1	\$		\$	4,392,866
Land Improvements		1,700,949			4		1,700,949
Buildings		204,052,644	2,275,000				206,327,644
Technology		184,421			-		184,421
Vehicles		11,875,655	1,309,853		632,982		12,552,526
General Equipment		902,448	122,993		15,513		1,009,928
Construction Work in Progress		7,750,355	15,635,524		2,275,000		21,110,879
Total historical cost Less accumulated		230,859,338	19,343,370		2,923,495		247,279,213
depreciation		80,652,389	5,006,605		643,075		85,015,919
Governmental capital assets, net	\$	150,206,949	\$ 14,336,765	\$	2,280,420	\$	162,263,294
Business-type Activities							
Buildings	\$	10,551,259	\$ 	\$	-	\$	10,551,259
General Equipment		619,400	65,646			_	685,046
Total historical cost		11,170,659	65,646				11,236,305
Less accumulated depreciation		5,503,156	269,350				5,772,506
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	5,667,503	\$ (203,704)	\$		\$	5,463,799

Comments on General Fund Budget Comparisons

The District's total General Fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net of interfund transfers, sales of assets and beginning balance was \$81,182,881.

Total General Fund budgeted revenue compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual revenue being \$5,013,683 more than budget or 6.50% more. The major contributor to this increase was an increase of \$2,705,058 in state funding.

Total General Fund budgeted expenditures net of budgeted contingency and interfund transfers compared to actual expenditures were \$2,082,153 more than budget or 2.40% more. The major contributor to this increase was an increase in instruction expense due to state on-behalf disbursements.

The budget to actual comparison statements can be found on the pages referenced in the table of contents of this report.

The following table presents a summary of revenues and expenditures reported on the Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, excluding beginning balance and inter-fund transfers, compared to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

REVENUES		FY 2024	FY 2023		Change
Local revenue sources	\$	28,357,823	\$ 27,577,242	\$	780,581
State revenue sources		72,412,601	78,781,485		(6,368,884)
Federal revenue sources		24,991,036	19,124,096	_	5,866,940
Total revenues	\$	125,761,460	\$ 125,482,823	\$	278,637
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	\$	68,562,865	\$ 69,043,470	\$	(480,605)
Student support services		7,560,129	7,770,431		(210,302)
Instructional support		4,166,518	4,000,869		165,649
District administration		1,251,834	1,115,392		136,442
School administration		4,727,534	4,437,567		289,967
Business support		2,109,792	2,667,213		(557,421)
Plant operations		11,224,688	9,430,257		1,794,431
Student transportation		7,049,201	6,092,182		957,019
Community support		1,023,711	1,047,595		(23,884)
Other		90,345	128,862		(38,517)
Activity fund activities		2,093,418	2,209,670		(116, 252)
Site improvement		15,635,525	7,459,130		8,176,395
Debt service		9,491,415	9,498,703		(7,288)
Total expenditures	-	134,986,975	124,901,341		10,085,634
Revenue in excess (deficit) of expenditures	\$	(9,225,515)	\$ 581,482	\$	(9,806,997)

The major factors in the above changes are the result of increased federal revenue and decreased state on behalf contributions in FY 2024.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

Kentucky's public-school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e., some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget for the current fiscal year. By statute the General Fund budget must maintain a minimum 2.0% unassigned fund balance, the District budgeted \$1,583,494 unassigned fund balance and ended the year with an actual unassigned fund balance of \$2,263,555.

LOCAL ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The economic forecast for the London/Laurel County area continues to be stable.

Census data from the University of Louisville indicates on average 7% population growth every five years for the next twenty-five years, however the growth in student ages (5-19) remains level until the year 2025 when the growth in this age group will begin to increase. Laurel County Schools FY 2024 student enrollment slightly increased compared with FY 2023 enrollment.

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Laurel County has an intersection of a north/south interstate, I-75, and a major east/west highway. Economic strength can be found in the balance among manufacturing, professional services, retail trade, tourism, educational, health and social service, and transportation. The area's diverse economic infrastructure has insulated it from major economic downturns. Local government officials continue to be very proactive in attracting new employers to the area and have been successful in attracting new jobs to the area.

CONTACTING THE LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Business Manager by phone (606) 862-4600 or by mail at 718 North Main Street, London, KY 40741.

Supplies Inventory	ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents				
Accounts receivable		6 11 067 COE	¢ 6.074.050	A 17 041 077
Net OPEB asset 437,414 87,252 52,252 52,253 5				
Supplies Inventory	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Noncurrent Assets				524,666
Noncurrent Assets				1,833,080
Capital assets 247,279,214 11,236,305 258,515 268,007 257,725,005 269,007 257,725,005 269,007 257,725,005 259,007 257,725,005 259,007 257,725,005 259,007 257,725,005 259,007 257,725,005 259,007 25	Total current assets	35,698,956	6,366,192	42,065,148
Less: Accumulated depreciation	Noncurrent Assets			
Less: Accumulated depreciation	Capital assets	247,279,214	11,236,305	258,515,519
Total assets	Less: Accumulated depreciation	85,015,920		90,788,426
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows - REFUNDING BONDS 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,701 440,702 440,	Total noncurrent assets	162,263,294	5,463,799	167,727,093
Deferred outflows - EFEUNDING BONDS 440,701 446, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 24, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 241 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24,	Total assets	197,962,250	11,829,991	209,792,241
Deferred outflows - EFEUNDING BONDS 440,701 440,701 248,3762 468,513 2,811 2,811 2,811 2,811 2,811 2,811 2,811 3,837	DESCRIPTION OF DESCRIPTION			
Deferred outflows - CERS OPEB 2,348,762 488,513 2,815 10,1010,282 10,1010,282 10,1010,282 10,1010,282 10,1010,283 13,386,731 8,338 13,385,731 8,338 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,731 13,385,733		440.704		440,701
Deferred outflows - KTRS OPEB 10,010,828 10,011 82,331 8,331 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	그렇게 하면 어린 이 이 중에서 이 아이들이 아니었다면 사람이 아니는 아니는 그리고 있다면 내가 되었다.		469 E12	2,817,275
Delerred outflows - CERS PENSION 6,951.999 1,386,731 8,338 701al deferred outflow of resources 19,752,290 1,855,244 21,601 701al assets and deferred outflows of resources \$217,714,540 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$231,398 \$13,685,235 \$13,6			466,513	
Total deferred outflow of resources			1 206 721	8,338,730
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$217,714,540 \$13,685,235 \$231,395				
Current Liabilities	Total deferred outflow of resources	19,752,290	1,855,244	21,607,534
Current Liabilities	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 217,714,540	\$ 13,685,235	\$ 231,399,775
Accounts payable \$ 2,288,127 \$ 43,671 \$ 2,331	LIABILITIES			
Checks written in excess of bank 3,926,183 3,926 183 Accrued payroll and withholding obligations 186,201 186 186,201 186 186,201 186,201 186,201 186,201 186,201 186,201 186,201 186,201 186,200 186,201 186,200 186,200 186,201 186,200 186,201 186,200 186,201 186,201 186,200 186,201 186,2	Current Liabilities			
Accrued payroll and withholding obligations 186,201 188 Interest payable 679,472 - 678 - 678 - 6	Accounts payable	\$ 2,288,127	\$ 43,671	\$ 2,331,798
Interest payable	Checks written in excess of bank	3,926,183		3,926,183
Current portion of bond obligations	Accrued payroll and withholding obligations	186,201	*	186,201
Current portion of accrued sick leave 188,000 168,000 12,725,656 12,725	Interest payable	679,472		679,472
Unearned revenue	Current portion of bond obligations	7,205,000		7,205,000
Noncurrent Liabilities 27,178,639 43,671 27,222	Current portion of accrued sick leave	168,000		168,000
Noncurrent Liabilities	Unearned revenue	12,725,656	Jan 1981	12,725,656
Net pension liability - CERS 20,329,168 4,055,104 24,384 Net OPEB liability - CERS	Total current liabilities	27,178,639	43,671	27,222,310
Net pension liability - CERS 20,329,168 4,055,104 24,384 Net OPEB liability - CERS	Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net OPEB liability - CERS 14,830,000 - 14,830,000 - 14,830,000 - 14,830,000 - 14,830,000 - 14,830,000 - 66,118,000 - 66,118,000 - 66,118,000 - 66,118,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 87,000 - 81,000 - 81,000 - 10,000 - 81,000 - 10,400 - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - 10,400 - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 - - 10,400 -		20.329.168	4.055.104	24,384,272
Net OPEB liability - KTRS			11000110	
Noncurrent portion of bonds obligations 66,115,000 66,115		14.830.000	2	14,830,000
Bond premium, net of amortization 871,299 - 877 Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave 813,093 - 815 Total noncurrent liabilities 102,958,560 4,055,104 107,015 Total Liabilities 130,137,199 4,098,775 134,235 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - CERS OPEB 8,042,177 1,604,189 9,644 Deferred inflows - KTRS OPEB 10,482,000 - 10,485 Deferred inflows - PENSION 4,508,276 899,276 5,400 Total deferred inflow of resources 23,032,453 2,503,465 25,535 Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 153,169,652 6,602,240 159,77 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets, net of debt 88,512,696 5,463,799 93,976 Restricted for: Capital projects 8,647,901 - 8,644 Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,675 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,677,679) - (37,677,679,679) - (37,677,679,679) - (37,677,679,679,679,679,679) - (37,677,679,679,679,679,679,679,679,679,67				66,115,000
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave 813,093 - 815 Total noncurrent liabilities 102,958,560 4,055,104 107,015 Total Liabilities 130,137,199 4,098,775 134,235 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - CERS OPEB 8,042,177 1,604,189 9,644 Deferred inflows - KTRS OPEB 10,482,000 - 10,485 Deferred inflows - PENSION 4,508,276 899,276 5,405 Total deferred inflow of resources 23,032,453 2,503,465 25,535 Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 153,169,652 6,602,240 159,775 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets, net of debt 88,512,696 5,463,799 93,976 Restricted for: 2,644 2,645 2,645 2,645 Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,675 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,675) - (37,675) Total Liabilities 130,137,199 - (37,675) - (37,675) Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,675) - (37,675) Total Liabilities 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,675) - (37,675) Total Liabilities 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,675) - (37,675) Total Liabilities 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 1,619,196 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,675) - (37,675) Total Liabilities 1,619,196 1,619,1				871,299
Total noncurrent liabilities 102,958,560 4,055,104 107,013 Total Liabilities 130,137,199 4,098,775 134,233 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - CERS OPEB 8,042,177 1,604,189 9,644 Deferred inflows - KTRS OPEB 10,482,000 899,276 5,40 Deferred inflows - PENSION 4,508,276 899,276 5,40 Total deferred inflow of resources 23,032,453 2,503,465 25,53 Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 153,169,652 6,602,240 159,77 NET POSITION 88,512,696 5,463,799 93,976 Restricted for: 8,647,901 - 8,647 Capital projects 8,647,901 - 8,647 Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,679 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,671	Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave			813,093
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - CERS OPEB 8,042,177 1,604,189 9,646 10,482,000 - 10,488 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482,000 - 10,488 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482,000 - 10,488 10,482,000 - 10,488 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482			4,055,104	107,013,664
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - CERS OPEB 8,042,177 1,604,189 9,646 10,482,000 - 10,488 10,482,000 - 10,482,000	Total Liabilities	130 137 199	4.098.775	134,235,974
Deferred inflows - CERS OPEB 8,042,177 1,604,189 9,644 Deferred inflows - KTRS OPEB 10,482,000 - 10,482 Deferred inflows - PENSION 4,508,276 899,276 5,407 Total deferred inflow of resources 23,032,453 2,503,465 25,538 Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 153,169,652 6,602,240 159,777 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets, net of debt 88,512,696 5,463,799 93,976 Restricted for:			1,000,770	10 1/200,01 1
Deferred inflows - KTRS OPEB 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482,000 - 10,482 10,482	'(B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B)	8 042 177	1 604 190	9,646,366
Deferred inflows - PENSION			1,004,109	10,482,000
Total deferred inflow of resources 23,032,453 2,503,465 25,533 Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 153,169,652 6,602,240 159,77 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets, net of debt 88,512,696 5,463,799 93,976 Restricted for: Capital projects 8,647,901 - 8,64 Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,675 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,677)			800 276	5,407,552
NET POSITION 153,169,652 6,602,240 159,77 Investment in capital assets, net of debt 88,512,696 5,463,799 93,97 Restricted for: Capital projects 8,647,901 - 8,64 Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,67 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,67				25,535,918
NET POSITION Investment in capital assets, net of debt 88,512,696 5,463,799 93,976 Restricted for: Capital projects 8,647,901 - 8,64 Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,675 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,675)	Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		6 602 240	159,771,892
Investment in capital assets, net of debt 88,512,696 5,463,799 93,976 Restricted for: Capital projects 8,647,901 - 8,64 Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,679 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,679)	Total Liabilities and deterred limbws of resources	133,109,032	0,802,240	159,771,092
Restricted for: 8,647,901 - 8,647 Capital projects 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,679 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,671)	NET POSITION			
Capital projects 8,647,901 - 8,64 Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,67 Unrestricted (37,671,629) - (37,67		88,512,696	5,463,799	93,976,495
Other purposes 5,055,920 1,619,196 6,679 Unrestricted (37,671,629)		8 647 001		0.647.004
Unrestricted (37,671,629) (37,671			1 610 106	8,647,901 6,675,116
Total net position 64.544.888 7.082.995 71.62				(37,671,629)
	Total net position	64,544,888	7,082,995	71,627,883
				\$ 231,399,775

			Program Revenues			et (Expense) Revenue	
		Charges Operating Capital			n		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities	Lipenses	Dervices	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Instruction	\$ 69,044,690	\$ 6,331	\$ 30,159,615	\$	\$ (38,878,744)	\$	\$ (38,878,744)
Support services:			2.552.250		40 40 4 50 60 60		
Student	7,560,129		3,325,570	*	(4,234,559)		(4,234,559)
Instruction staff	4,166,518		1,832,779		(2,333,739)		(2,333,739)
District administrative	1,268,576		550,660		(717,916)		(717,916)
School administrative	4,727,534	-	2,079,560	-	(2,647,974)		(2,647,974)
Business	2,109,792		928,061	-	(1,181,731)		(1,181,731)
Plant operation and maintenance	12,134,699	*	4,937,546		(7,197,153)	7	(7,197,153)
Student transportation	6,143,831		3,100,821	-	(3,043,010)		(3,043,010)
Other instructional	90,345		100.050		(90,345)		(90,345)
Community service activities	1,023,711		490,053	-	(533,658)		(533,658)
Student activity	2,093,418			744 005	(2,093,418)		(2,093,418)
Interest on long-term debt	2,294,131			741,035	(1,553,096)		(1,553,096)
Total governmental activities	112,657,374	6,331	47,404,665	741,035	(64,505,343)	-	(64,505,343)
Business-type Activities							
Food service	6,768,423	159,132	7,536,042	-		926,751	926,751
Other business activities	308,555	347,451				38,896	38,896
Total business-type activities	7,076,978	506,583	7,536,042	-		965,647	965,647
Total school district	\$ 119,734,352	\$ 512,914	\$ 54,940,707	\$ 741,035	(64,505,343)	965,647	(63,539,696)
			General Revenues				
			Property taxes		16,137,853		16,137,853
			Motor vehicle taxes		3,298,253	141	3,298,253
			Utility taxes		4,262,946		4,262,946
			Other taxes		742,423		742,423
			Investment earnings		1,562,382		1,562,382
			State aid formula gra	nts	49,257,937	-	49,257,937
			Gains (losses) on sa	le of fixed assets	351,441		351,441
			Transfers in/(out)			-	
			Other Local amounts		2,347,635		2,347,635
			Total general revenu	es	77,960,870		77,960,870
			Change in net position	on	13,455,527	965,647	14,421,174
			Restated net position		51,089,361	6,117,348	57,206,709
			Net position - ending		\$ 64,544,888	\$ 7,082,995	\$ 71,627,883
			Parinetti Silania			- 1,152,500	

	G	General Fund		General Fund S		Special Revenue		Construction Fund		Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Governmental		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS	14					to antique	4	2012022							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	705 000	\$	-	\$	9,323,687	\$	1,943,938	\$	11,267,625					
Accounts receivable		725,293		21,530,325		1		-		22,255,618					
Supplies inventory		1,738,299								1,738,299					
Interfund receivable	-	8,309,797	_		_	1 311 311	-	7	_	8,309,797					
Total assets	-	10,773,389	_	21,530,325	_	9,323,687	-	1,943,938	-	43,571,339					
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities															
Interfund payable		-		8,309,797						8,309,797					
Checks written in excess of bank		3,926,183		-						3,926,183					
Accounts payable		71,675		494,873		1,721,579		-		2,288,127					
Accrued payroll and withholding obligations		186,201						-		186,201					
Unearned revenue		-		12,725,656				-		12,725,656					
Current portion of accumulated sick leave		168,000		-		-		-		168,000					
Total liabilities		4,352,059	_	21,530,326		1,721,579	_		_	27,603,964					
Fund Balances															
Nonspendable		1,738,299						1.2		1,738,299					
Restricted				-		7,602,108		1,943,938		9,546,046					
Committed		1,500,000		-		4				1,500,000					
Assigned		919,476				-		-		919,476					
Unassigned		2,263,555		-						2,263,555					
Total fund balances		6,421,330	-			7,602,108		1,943,938		15,967,376					
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,773,389	\$	21,530,326	\$	9,323,687	\$	1,943,938	\$	43,571,340					

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO JUNE 30, 2024

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$	15,967,376
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation are not reported in this fund financial statement becaus they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the	е	
statement of net position.		162,263,294
Net OPEB asset is not reported in this fund financial statement because they are		
not current financial resources, but are reported in the statement of net position		437,414
Deferred outflows of resources are not reported in this fund financial		
statement because they are do not affect current economic		
resources, but they are presented in the statement of net position.		19,752,290
Deferred inflows of resources are not reported in this fund financial		
statement because they are do not affect current economic		
resources, but they are presented in the statement of net position.		(23,032,453)
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, premiums, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and accrued interest, net pension liability) are not reported		
in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable		
but they are presented in the statement of net position.	-	(110,843,033)
Net position for governmental activities	\$	64.544.888

Revenues	0	eneral Fund	Special Revenue		Construction Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
From local sources		eneral runa	Special Neveride	_	ruiu		runus		Turius
Property taxes	\$	9,553,312	•	\$		\$	6,584,541	\$	16,137,853
Motor vehicle taxes	φ	3,298,253	Φ	Φ		Φ	0,364,341	Φ	3,298,253
		Carlotte and Carlo					7		
Utility taxes		4,262,946					7		4,262,946
Franchise fees		742,423			- 3		-		742,423
Earnings on investments		1,562,382							1,562,382
Revenue in lieu of taxes		67,385	42.41						67,385
Other local revenues		195,616	62,171		*		1000000		257,787
Student Acitivity revenue					7		2,028,794		2,028,794
State sources									
SEEK		37,507,089			2		5,875,424		43,382,513
Other		23,517,470	4,771,583				741,035		29,030,088
Federal - direct		54,432	5,269						59,701
Federal - indirect		421,573	24,509,762						24,931,335
Total revenues		81,182,881	29,348,785		-		15,229,794		125,761,460
				_		_			
Expenditures									
Instruction		51,169,094	17,393,771				7		68,562,865
Support services									
Student		7,451,572	108,557		- 2		14		7,560,129
Instruction staff		3,695,793	470,725				1		4,166,518
District administration		1,251,834	370,720						1,251,834
School administration		4,680,062	47,472						4,727,534
Business		1,824,275	285,517						
									2,109,792
Plant operation and maintenance		11,066,030	158,658		7				11,224,688
Student transportation		7,030,549	18,652				0.000.440		7,049,201
Student acitivity expenditures					7.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1		2,093,418		2,093,418
Site improvement		2000			15,635,525				15,635,525
Non-instructional		90,345	2.772.75						90,345
Community service activities		4,047	1,019,664		.=.				1,023,711
Debt service							9,491,415		9,491,415
Total expenditures		88,263,601	19,503,016		15,635,525		11,584,833		134,986,975
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		(7,080,720)	9,845,769	_	(15,635,525)		3,644,961		(9,225,515
Other Financing Sources (Hess)									
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		050 000							050 000
Net proceeds from disposal of assets		356,863	454.055		40.045.000		10.050.111		356,863
Operating transfers in		560,000	154,255		12,315,000		10,858,141		23,887,396
Operating transfers out	_	(154,255)	(10,000,000)	_	-	_	(13,733,141)	_	(23,887,396
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	762,608	(9,845,745)	_	12,315,000	_	(2,875,000)	_	356,863
Net change in fund balances		(6,318,112)	24		(3,320,525)		769,961		(8,868,652
Restated fund balance, July 1, 2023		12,739,442	(24)	_	10,922,633	_	1,173,977	_	24,836,028
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$	6,421,330	\$ -	\$	7,602,108	\$	1,943,938	\$	15,967,376

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$	(8,868,652)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation for the year.		12,056,344
Amortization of deferred outflows created by refunding bonds are recognized as expense in the statement of activities but is not recognized in the fund financial statements		(205,720)
Amortization of bond premiums are recognized as revenue in the statement of activities but are not recognized in the fund financial statements		238,295
Bond and lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		7,197,285
Long term sick leave interest is an increase of expense in the statement of activities but is not considered in the fund financial statements		(70,110)
Pension and OPEB expense is recognized in the statement of activities but not recognized in the fund financial statements	_	3,108,085
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	13,455,527

ASSETS	F	ood Service Fund		Day Care Fund		Other Funds		Total
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,693,407	\$	218,580	\$	162,065	\$	6,074,052
Accounts receivable	*	110,107	*	-10,000	*	, 02,000	+	110,107
Net OPEB asset		87,252		-		-		87,252
Inventory		94,781				-		94,781
Total current assets		5,985,547		218,580		162,065		6,366,192
Noncurrent Assets								
Capital assets		11,236,305		-				11,236,305
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(5,772,506)		14				(5,772,506
Total noncurrent assets		5,463,799		-				5,463,799
Total assets	-	11,449,346	_	218,580	_	162,065		11,829,991
Deferred outflow of resources								
Deferred outflows OPEB		468,513						468,513
Deferred outflows - PENSION		1,386,731		4		-		1,386,731
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,855,244						1,855,244
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	13,304,590	\$	218,580	\$	162,065	\$	13,685,235
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	31,271	\$	12,244	\$	156	\$	43,671
Total current liabilities		31,271		12,244		156		43,671
Non-Current Liabilities								
Net OPEB liability		- 4		-		1		-
Net PENSION liability		4,055,104		-		-		4,055,104
Total non-current liabilities		4,055,104		-				4,055,104
Deferred inflow of resources								
Deferred inflows - OPEB		1,604,189						1,604,189
Deferred inflows -PENSION		899,276						899,276
Total deferred inflows of resources	Ξ	2,503,465						2,503,465
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		5,463,799		1		14		5,463,799
Other		1,250,951		206,336		161,909		1,619,196
Unrestricted	_	-		-	_	-		1,013,130
Total net position		6,714,750		206,336		161,909		7,082,995
	0	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	6		•	1.000	•	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	13,304,590	\$	218,580	\$	162,065	\$	13,685,235

	Food Service Fund	P	Day Care Operations		Other Funds		Total
Operating Revenues							
Food service sales	\$ 138,7	07 \$		\$	4,447	\$	143,154
Community service activities		-	133,058		208,076		341,134
Other operating revenues	20,4	25 _	-	_	1,870	_	22,295
Total operating revenues	159,1	32 _	133,058	_	214,393	_	506,583
Operating Expenses							
Salaries and wages	1,557,6	69	59,716				1,617,385
Employee benefits	9	75	17,532				18,507
On-behalf	310,2	41	-				310,241
Supplies and materials	4,630,1	88	16,180		215,127		4,861,495
Depreciation	269,3	50					269,350
Total operating expenses	6,768,4	23	93,428	_	215,127	_	7,076,978
Operating income (loss)	(6,609,2	91)	39,630	_	(734)	_	(6,570,395
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Federal grants	6,961,6	42			-		6,961,642
State grants	363,8	05			-		363,805
Donated commodities	210,5	95					210,595
Operating transfers in					-		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	7,536,0	42					7,536,042
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets		-		_	- 4		
Net Income	926,7	51	39,630		(734)	_	965,647
Total net position, July 1, 2023	5,787,9	99 _	166,706	_	162,643	_	6,117,348
Total net position, June 30, 2024	\$ 6,714,7	50 \$	206,336	\$	161,909	\$	7,082,995

	F	ood Service	D	ay Care		Other		
		Fund	Op	perations		Funds		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Cash received from lunchroom sales	\$	144,962	\$		\$	4,447	\$	149,409
Cash received from user charges				133,058		208,076		341,134
Cash received from other activities						1,870		1,870
Cash payments to employees for services		(2,341,520)		(65,004)				(2,406,524)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(4,328,446)		(16,180)		(215,010)		(4,559,636)
Net cash from operating activities		(6,525,004)		51,874		(617)		(6,473,747)
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities								
Acquisition of capital assets		(65,646)						(65,646)
Net cash from capital financing activities		(65,646)			-		-	(65,646)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
Nonoperating grants received		7,325,447					-	7,325,447
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	_	7,325,447	-		-		-	7,325,447
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Operating transfers in			-		_		_	-
Net cash flows from investing activities	-		_		_		-	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		734,797		51,874		(617)		786,054
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		4,958,610	_	166,706	_	162,682	-	5,287,998
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	5,693,407	\$	218,580	\$	162,065	\$	6,074,052
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(6,609,291)	\$	39,630	\$	(734)	\$	(6,570,395)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to								
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1777.700						351.222
Depreciation		269,350		-		-		269,350
Donated Commodities		210,595						210,595
Changes in assets and liabilities:		31.0 1.22						
Accounts receivable		(14,170)		10.011		***		(14,170
Accounts payable		23,198		12,244		116		35,558
Pension assets and liabilities		(472,635)						(472,635
Inventory	-	67,949	-		-		-	67,949
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(6,525,004)	\$	51,874	\$	(617)	\$	(6,473,747
Non-Cash Non-Capital Financing Activities								
Depreciation	\$	269,350	\$	*	\$		\$	269,350
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$	210,595	\$	2	\$	-	S	210,595

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Laurel County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Laurel County School District ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and activities relevant to the operation of the Laurel County Board of Education. The basic financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc. Such funds or groups have been considered as prospective component units under GASB Statement Number 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, and have been determined to have insignificant assets, liabilities, equity, revenue and expenditures to be considered component units. In addition, the Board has the ability to exert little control over the fiscal activities of the funds or groups.

The basic financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Laurel County School District Finance Corporation</u> - In a prior year the Laurel County Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Laurel County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The District has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989 to its proprietary funds, unless those pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The following in a summary of the basis of presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental, which normally are supported by tax revenues, and those that are considered business-type activities, which rely significantly on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities; and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total fund balances. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the General Fund be reported as a major fund. All other governmental and proprietary funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures comprise at least 10% of the total for the relevant fund category and at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined must also be reported as major funds.

The District has the following funds:

Government Fund Types

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other funds are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

Government Fund Types – continued

The Student Activity Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for school activity fund revenues and expenditures.

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The Capital Project Funds account for revenue and expenditures from three sources:

- The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. The district has decided to treat this as a major fund of the District.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law.

II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program and the national School Breakfast Program, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The Day Care Fund is used to account for the funds raised at schools providing after-school care for children.

Other Funds is used to account for funds raised by District vending, community donations and various other small projects within the District.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues, Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue/Advances from Grantors - Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. The District reports unearned revenue on its statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. In both the district-wide and governmental fund statements, grants that are intended to finance future periods are reported as unearned revenue. In subsequent periods, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on the flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by September 30 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.462 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.465 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.463 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activity's column of the district-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the district-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received.

The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction-in-progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improve	ments 25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipmen	t 5 years
School buses	10 years
Other vehicles	5 years
Audio-visual equipmer	nt 15 years
Food service equipme	
Furniture and fixtures	20 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other general equipme	

Interfund Receivables and Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

The entire compensated absence liability includes the remaining 70% plus any accrued sick leave for people not eligible and is reported on the district-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as an assigned portion of fund balance. The balance of the liability is not recorded.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion, if any, of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

Bonds and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Discounts related to debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Budgetary Process

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved by the Board, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Budgetary receipts represent original estimates modified for adjustments, if any, during the fiscal year. Budgetary disbursements represent original appropriations adjusted for budget transfers and additional appropriations, if any, approved during the fiscal year

Each budget is prepared and controlled at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Receivables

The District recognizes revenues as receivables when they are measurable, and receipt is probable. Concentration of credit risk with respect to the receivables from federal and state governments is limited due to the historical stability of those institutions. Federal and state grants to be used or expended as specified by the grantor are recognized as revenue and recorded as receivables as qualifying expenditures are made.

Inventories

On government-wide and governmental fund financial statements inventories of supplies and materials are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

The School Food Service Fund inventory consists of food, supplies and U.S. Government commodities.

The Food Service Fund inventory is stated at cost and uses the specific identification method; and the General Fund inventory is stated at cost and uses the first-in, first-out method.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements; and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance Reserves

Fund balances are separated into five categories, as required by GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance is permanently nonspendable by decree of donor. Examples would be an endowment or that which may not be used for another purpose such as amounts used to prepay future expenses or inventory already on hand.

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment.

Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which results in the encumbrance of funds. Assigned fund balance also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

The Board establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

This District would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are appropriated in the next year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance at June 30, 2024, in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Net position is reported as restricted when limitations are imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The District typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project.

Operating and Non-Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated find balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred inflows and deferred outflows are recorded on the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. The deferred outflows of resources presented were primarily created by differences in pension expectations, the prior refunding of revenue bonds, and deferral of pension contributions. Deferred inflows were primarily created by actuarial determinations of net pension liability changes. Net position is significantly affected by the adjustment for deferred inflows and outflows.

Leases

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases was issued to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments, by establishing standards for leases that were previously classified as operating leases. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset, thus requiring lessees to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

Pensions and Other Post-employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net liabilities, the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), information about the fiduciary net position of the pension / OPEB plans, and additions to / deductions from the pension / OPEB plans' fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension / OPEB plans. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The primary government's proportionate share of pension amounts was further allocated to proprietary funds based on the salaries paid by each proprietary fund. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's deposits (demand deposit accounts) are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. At June 30, 2024, the book balance of the District's bank deposits and the bank balances were as follows:

	Bank Balance	Book Balance
Cumberland Valley National Bank & Trust	\$ 14,138,652	\$ 14,670,178
Less: Checks Written in Excess of Bank	-	(3,926,183)
Commercial Bank	2,691,547	2,671,499
	\$ 16,830,199	\$ 13,415,494

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Breakdown per financial statements is as follows:

Governmental funds	\$	7,341,442
Proprietary funds	<u> </u>	6,074,052
	\$	13,415,494

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, none of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because of coverage by Federal Depository insurance and by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name.

Due to the nature of the accounts and limitations imposed for the purposes of various funds, all cash balances are considered to be restricted except for the General Fund.

Investments

Funds of the District are public funds and, therefore, their investment is limited by statute to certain obligations of the United States or similar government agencies, cash instruments, and certain pooled investment funds as provided by KRS 66.480. At June 30, 2024, the District holds only demand deposits and certificates of deposit considered to be cash equivalents. Consequently, the District does not have investment related credit risk or interest risk.

Investments reported on the financial statements are nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts purchased from a bank in the form of a Certificate of Deposit. Therefore, under GASB Statement No 72, Fair Value Measurement & Application these types of investments are exempt from fair value measurements.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

5. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	J	une 30, 2023 Balance	,	Additions	D	etirements	J	une 30, 2024 Balance
Governmental Activities	-	Dalance		Additions	n	ethements		Dalatice
Land	\$	4,392,866	\$		\$	4	\$	4,392,866
Land Improvements		1,700,949		2		- 4		1,700,949
Buildings		204,052,644		2,275,000				206,327,644
Technology		184,421						184,421
Vehicles		11,875,655		1,309,853		632,982		12,552,526
General Equipment		902,448		122,993		15,513		1,009,928
Construction Work in Progress		7,750,355		15,635,524	_	2,275,000	_	21,110,879
Total historical cost Less accumulated		230,859,338		19,343,370		2,923,495		247,279,213
depreciation		80,652,389		5,006,605		643,075		85,015,919
Governmental capital assets, net	\$	150,206,949	\$	14,336,765	\$	2,280,420	\$	162,263,294
Business-type Activities								
Buildings	\$	10,551,259	\$	-	\$		\$	10,551,259
General Equipment		619,400		65,646				685,046
Total historical cost Less accumulated		11,170,659		65,646				11,236,305
depreciation		5,503,156		269,350		-		5,772,506
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	5,667,503	\$	(203,704)	\$	-	\$	5,463,799

Depreciation expense for business-type activities was entirely incurred in the operation of the School Food Services. Depreciation for governmental activities was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 3,519,800
Instruction staff	-
District administrative	16,742
Plant operation and maintenance	1,065,580
Student transportation	404,483
	\$ 5,006,605

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates of bonded debt and lease obligations are summarized below:

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Issue Date	Proceeds	<u>Rates</u>	Final Maturity
2012	\$ 8,900,000	1.00% - 3.00%	2033
2014	\$ 9,825,000	2.00 - 3.50%	2030
2014	\$ 17,700,000	2.00% - 4.00%	2034
2015	\$ 15,465,000	4.00%	2027
2015	\$ 12,870,000	3.00% - 4.00%	2027
2015	\$ 14,260,000	3.28%	2036
2016	\$ 7,340,000	2.00%-2.50%	2031
2017	\$ 6,825,000	2.00%-3.25%	2038
2019	\$ 6,740,000	3.00%	2039
2021	\$ 7,320,000	2.00%	2042

The District, through the General Fund, including utility taxes, the FSPK Building Fund, and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund, is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Laurel County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In 1987, the District entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

Generally, all bonds issued are secured by a statutory mortgage lien on the respective school buildings and appurtenant properties, including any subsequent additions thereto. The agreements contain a provision that in the event of default, action can be taken to compel specific performance. The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2024 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Laurel County School District		Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission					Total		Total Principal &			
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2024-25	\$	6,653,564	\$	2,097,604	\$	551,436	\$	146,448	\$	7,205,000	\$	16,654,052
2025-26		6,899,232		1,852,814		565,768		132,141		7,465,000		16,914,955
2026-27		7,155,855		1,597,840		549,145		118,005		7,705,000		17,125,845
2027-28		5,742,775		1,360,108		482,225		105,306		6,225,000		13,915,414
2028-29		5,911,076		1,193,756		493,924		93,641		6,405,000		14,097,397
2029-30		6,088,748		1,018,225		506,252		81,483		6,595,000		14,289,708
2030-31		5,382,565		849,175		482,435		68,950		5,865,000		12,648,125
2031-32		4,618,524		697,789		341,476		57,706		4,960,000		10,675,495
2032-33		4,772,839		547,524		337,161		47,865		5,110,000		10,815,389
2033-34		4,094,498		398,866		255,502		39,155		4,350,000		9,138,021
2034-35		2,451,807		256,505		263,193		31,522		2,715,000		5,718,027
2035-36		2,530,401		179,991		259,599		23,858		2,790,000		5,783,849
2036-37		1,411,070		121,419		218,930		16,687		1,630,000		3,398,106
2037-38		1,452,999		82,008		202,001		10,144		1,655,000		3,402,152
2038-39		995,892		49,585		89,108		4,165		1,085,000		2,223,750
2039-40		470,910		24,233		39,090		1,867		510,000		1,046,100
2040-41		480,120		14,723		39,880		1,077		520,000		1,055,800
2041-42	_	496,089	_	4,961	_	33,911	_	339	_	530,000	_	1,065,300
	\$	67,608,964	\$	12,347,126	\$	5,711,036	\$	980,359	\$	73,320,000	\$	159,967,485

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2023		Additions		Deductions	J	Balance une 30, 2024
Bonded debt obligations	\$	80,310,000	\$		\$	6,990,000	\$	73,320,000
Bond premiums		1,109,594		-		238,295		871,299
Net pension obligation (asset)		25,472,441		-		1,088,069		24,384,372
Net OPEB liability (asset) - CERS		6,952,808		-		7,477,474		(524,666)
Net OPEB liability (asset) - KTRS		20,330,000				5,500,000		14,830,000
Accrued sick leave	-	910,984	-	70,109	_		-	981,093
	\$	135,085,827	\$	70,109	\$	21,293,838	\$	113,862,098

The change in accrued sick leave is presented as a net change.

7. RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement as described below. The two pension plans are the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from https://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
2012	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Participating employees become eligible to receive health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement.

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

Funding Policy – Funding for the plan is provided through payroll withholdings and matching District contributions. The District contributes 23.34% of the employee's total compensation subject to contribution. Pension has a contribution rate of 23.34% and OPEB has a contribution rate of 0.00%.

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov

Benefits provided—TRS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. For retirement purposes, employes are grouped into four tiers, based on hire date:

1	RS 1	Participation Date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before July 1, 2002 27 years service or at least 5 years service and 60 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old with a reduction in retirement of 5% for each year under age 60 or under 27 years of
		Retirement factors Final average salary	service, whichever is less (up to 25%) 2.5% per year of service up to 30, 3.0% per year of service for each year over 30 Average of the 5 highest annual salaries until a member reaches
			At least 27 years service and age 55, when the highest 3 annual Salaries are used
7	RS 2	Participation Date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	July 1, 2002 – June 30, 2008 27 years service or at least 5 years service and 60 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old with a reduction in retirement of 5% for each year under age 60 or under 27 years of service, whichever is less (up to 25%)
		Retirement factors	2.0 - 2.5% per year of service up to 30, 3.0% per year of service for each year over 30
7	rrs 3	Participation Date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	July 1, 2008 – December 31, 2022 27 years service or at least 5 years service and 60 years old At least 10 years service and 55 years old with a reduction in retirement of 6% for each year under age 60 or under 27 years of service, whichever is less (up to 30%)
		Retirement factors	1.7 - 2.5% per year of service up to 30, 3.0% per year of service for each year over 30
		Final average salary	Average of the 5 highest annual salaries until a member reaches At least 27 years service and age 55, when the highest 3 annual Salaries are used

TRS 4 Participation Date On or after January 1, 2022 - Present

Unreduced retirement Age 57 with 30 years' service or at least 10 years' service and

60 years old or at least 5 years' service and 65 years old

Reduced retirement At least 10 years' service and 57 years old with a reduction in

retirement of 6% for each year under age 60 or under 27 years

of service, whichever is less (up to 18%)

Retirement factors 1.7 - 2.5% per year of service up to 30, 2.2 - 2.4% per year of

service for each year over 30

Final average salary Average of the 5 highest annual salaries

KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at a rate of sixty (60) percent of their final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees in TRS 1, TRS 2, and TRS 3 are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. Non-university employees in TRS 4 are required to contribute 14.750% of their salaries to the system.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008, and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability (asset) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for CERS in the amount of \$24,384,272. The District did not report a liability (asset) for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset), the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability (asset) that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability (asset) \$ 24,384,272

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability (asset) associated with the District 197,561,701

\$ 221,945,973

The net pension liability (asset) for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) for CERS was based on the actual liability (asset) of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability (asset) of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.380024%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense (credit) of (\$1,539,882) related to CERS and \$11,883,582 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$11,883,582 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual		Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
experience	\$	1,262,327	\$	66,259	
Changes of assumptions		-		2,234,835	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences		2,634,192		2,966,807	
between District contributions and proportionate share of contrbutions		1,229,370		139,651	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,212,841	_	121	
Total	\$	8,338,730	\$	5,407,552	

Reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

ear Ende	d June 30:
\$	(241,052)
	(348,904)
	544,356
	(236,063)
\$	(281,663)
	\$

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	3.30-10.30%	3.00-7.50%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense & inflation	6.50%	7.10%
Municipal bond index rate		3.66%
Single equalivant interest rate		7.10%

Mortality rates were based on Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.50%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability (asset) of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	1%	Decrease	Current	Discount Rate	1%	Increase
CERS		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$	30,786,617	\$	24,384,272	\$	19,063,683
KTRS		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$		\$		\$	

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position, is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

The District's contribution to KTRS for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$2,043,607, and \$1,890,174 and \$1,833,321, respectively. The District's contribution (match only) for CERS for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$3,212,841, \$3,124,864, and \$2,645,548, respectively. The District met their contribution requirements.

8. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

General Information about the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1983 General Assembly and is governed by the Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description - In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires KTRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance.

Funding Policy – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008, is contributed. Three and three quarters percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability (asset) of \$14,830,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability (asset) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.513180%.

The amount recognized by the district as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability (asset), the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability (asset) that was associated with the district were as follows:

	\$	27,329,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	_	12,499,000
District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	14,830,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense (credit) of (\$738,654) and revenue of \$972,390 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows on resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
¢	£ 5.026.000		
	\$ 5,026,000		
0,011,000			
277,000			
5,024,000	5,456,000		
1,338,828			
\$ 10,010,828	\$10,482,000		
	Outflows of Resources \$ - 3,371,000 277,000 5,024,000 1,338,828		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense (credit) as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30:

10000	4	
2025	\$	(77,500)
2026		(679,000)
2027		298,000
2028		205,000
2029		(358,000)
Thereafter		(501,000)
	\$	(1,112,500)

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense including

inflation

Projected salary increases 3.30-7.50%, including inflation

Inflation Rate2.50%Real Wage Growth0.25%Wage Inflation2.75%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 6.75% for FY 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

FY 2032

Ages 65 and Older 6.75% for FY 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

FY 2032

Medicare Part B 1.55% for FY 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66% Discount Rate 7.10%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount rate -The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset).

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10% as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate.

	1% decrease	discount rate	1% increase
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 19,074,000	\$ 14,830,000	\$ 11,322,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current		
	1% decrease	trend rate	1	% increase
KTRS				
District's proportionate share	\$ 10,676,000	\$ 14,830,000	\$	20,001,000
of net OPEB liability (asset)				

OPEB plans' fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers a life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance Benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided- TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members are contributed by the State.

OPEB Liabilities (assets), OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for a proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability (asset) that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB	
Life Insurance Plan Liability (asset)	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net	
OPEB Life Insurance Liability (asset) associated with the District	309,000
Total	\$ 309,000

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

Projected salary increases 3.00-7.50%, including inflation

Inflation Rate 2.50%
Real Wage Growth 0.25%
Wage Inflation 2.75%
Municipal bond index rate 3.66%
Discount Rate 7.10%

Single equivalent interest rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2023 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount rate -The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset).

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%. as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate.

	1%	decrease	dis	scount rate	1%	increase
KTRS		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
State's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability - Life Insurance	\$	436,000	\$	309,000	\$	279,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS)

Plan Description- Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are provided OPEBs through the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agent of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish an amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly. available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits Provided- CERS provides hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from the pension plan. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For plan purposes, employees are grouped into two groups, based on hire date. Members who reach a minimum vesting period of 10 years, and began participating on, or after, July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, are paid up to a maximum of \$13.18 per month for every year of earned service. The percentage of the maximum monthly benefit paid is based on years of service as follows:

Years of Service	Paid by Insurance Fund (%)
20+ years	100.00%
15-19 years	75.00%
10-14 years	50.00%
4-9 years	25.00%
Less than 4 years	0.00%

Contributions - Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

Tier 1	Participation date Contribution Percentage	Before September 1, 2008 0.00%
	Continuation rescentage	0.00%
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Contribution Percentage	1%
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Contribution Percentage	1%

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability (asset) of (\$524,666) for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability (asset) was based on projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.380009%.

The amount recognized by the district as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability (asset), the related state support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability (asset) that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total	\$ (524,666)
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (524,666)
District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension	

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense (credit) of \$1,302,184. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 365,772	\$ 7,449,731
Changes of assumptions	1,032,506	719,553
Net difference between projected and actual earning on plan	1,002,000	710,000
investments	981,892	1,103,657
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	437,105	373,425
District contribution subsequent to		
the measurement date		
Total	\$ 2,817,275	\$ 9,646,366

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB, \$0.00 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30:

2024	\$ (1,816,734)
2025	(2,125,500)
2026	(1,548,068)
2027	(1,338,792)
	\$ (6,829,094)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount rate -The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) was 5.93%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset).

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset), calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%. as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net MIP OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate.

				Current	
	1%	decrease	di	scount rate	1% increase
CERS		4.93%		5.93%	6.93%
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	984,597	\$	(524,666)	\$ (1,788,489)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates- The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% decrease	Current	Trend Rate	1	% increase
CERS					
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (1,681,646)	\$	(524,666)	\$	896,575

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position- Detailed information about the CERS fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kentucky Retirement Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District offers its employees participation in a deferred compensation program administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. This program offers a plan authorized by Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and a plan authorized by Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Both plans are available to all employees and permit them to defer up to 25% of their compensation (subject to limits) until future years. The District makes no contributions to these plans.

10. OPERATING LEASES

The District has no operating leases requiring disclosure as right-of-use assets as defined by FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842, Leases. The District leases office copiers on an annual renewal basis under operating leases. For the year ended June 30, 2024, aggregate cost for equipment and copier rentals was approximately \$350,000.

11. CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State, and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based on the grantor's review the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of funds advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements, and the collectability of any related receivables as of June 30, 2024, may be impaired. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

12. LITIGATION

The District is subject to legal actions in various states of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Contributions for worker's compensation coverage are based on premium rates established in conjunction with the insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and discounts.

14. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The District did not have any funds with deficit balances, but it did have funds with current year operating deficits.

15. COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency). There were no instances of noncompliance noted.

16. TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Operating	General	Special Revenue	KETS Grant	\$ 154,255
Operating	Special	Construction	Construction	\$ 10,000,000
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$ 8,750,380
Operating	Building	Capital Outlay	Construction	\$ 2,107,761
Operating	Capital Outlay	General	COFT	\$ 560,000
Operating	Capital Outlay	Construction	Construction	\$ 2,315,000

17. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

At June 30, 2024, there were interfund receivables of \$8,309,797 in the General Fund and interfund payables of the same amount in the Special Revenue Fund in order to zero the cash balance in the Special Revenue Fund.

18. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Commonwealth of Kentucky pays certain expenses on behalf of the District. These amounts are included in the fund financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, total payments of \$24,282,732 were made for life insurance, health insurance, KTRS matching and administrative fees, technology and debt service by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balances. The benefit allocation per category was as follows:

Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System	\$ 12,886,737
Health and Life Insurance	10,820,528
Other Less Federal	(312,021)
Technology	146,453
Debt Service	 741,035
Total	\$ 24,282,732

19. FUND BALANCE DESIGNATIONS

The following funds had non-spendable fund balances as follows:

Fund	Amount	Purpose
General	\$ 1,738,299	Supplies inventory

The following funds had restricted fund balances as follows:

Fund	Amount	Purpose
Construction	\$ 7,602,108	Future Construction
Building Fund	\$ 1,045,793	Capital Projects
Student Activity	\$ 898,145	Student Activities

The following funds had committed fund balances as follows:

	Fund		Amount	Purpose
	General	\$	1,500,000	Center for Innovation Operation
The following fun	ds had assigned fund	balances	s as follows:	
	Const		Amount	Divinaga
	Fund		Amount	Purpose

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

20. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The beginning fund balance and beginning net position for governmental funds/government wide activities were decreased by \$439. The General Fund, Special Revenue and Student Activity Fiduciary Fund were increased (decreased) by \$22, (\$24), and (\$437), respectively. These adjustments were made to fix minor errors in the bookkeeping system. None of the adjustments were material to the financial statements.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management of the District has evaluated subsequent events through January 31, 2025, which was the date the report was available for release. No events have occurred subsequent to the date of the financial statements that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual		
Revenues		Original		Final	G	eneral Fund	Budg	nce with Final get Favorable nfavorable)
From local sources								
Property taxes	\$	9,010,000	\$	9,010,000	\$	9,553,312	\$	543,312
Motor vehicle taxes		2,700,000		2,700,000		3,298,253		598,253
Utility taxes		4,000,000		4,000,000		4,262,946		262,946
Franchise fees		800,000		800,000		742,423		(57,577)
Other taxes		1,200		1,200		, ,_,,		(1,200
		750,000		750,000		1,562,382		812,382
Earnings on investments		71,500		71,500		67,385		(4,115
Revenue in lieu of taxes						195,616		(16,381
Other local revenues		211,997		211,997		193,010		(10,301
State sources		07 500 000		07 500 000		07 507 000		/61 001
SEEK		37,569,080		37,569,080		37,507,089		(61,991
Other		20,750,421		20,750,421		23,517,470		2,767,049
Federal - direct		55,000		55,000		54,432		(568
Federal - indirect		250,000		250,000		421,573		171,573
Total revenues		76,169,198		76,169,198		81,182,881	_	5,013,683
Expenditures								
Instruction		49,138,233		49,138,233		51,169,094		(2,030,861
Support services								
Student		7,642,214		7,642,214		7,451,572		190,642
Instruction staff		3,747,432		3,747,432		3,695,793		51,639
District administration		1,138,563		1,138,563		1,251,834		(113,271
School administration		4,542,079		4,542,079		4,680,062		(137,983
Business		2,207,709		2,207,709		1,824,275		383,434
Plant operations and maintenance		10,621,541		10,621,541		11,066,030		(444,489
								the state of the s
Student transportation		5,278,976		5,278,976		7,030,549		(1,751,573
Non-instructional		276,007		276,007		90,345		185,662
Community service activities		5,200		5,200		4,047		1,153
Contingency Total expenditures	-	1,583,494 86,181,448	-	1,583,494 86,181,448	-	88,263,601		1,583,494 (2,082,153
Total experiultures	-	00,101,440	-	00,101,440		00,200,001		(2,002,100
Excess (deficit) of revenues		(10.010.050)		(10.010.050)		/7 000 700		0.004.500
over expenditures	-	(10,012,250)		(10,012,250)		(7,080,720)		2,931,530
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4.12.14				David.		a section of
Net proceeds from sale of fixed assets		30,000		30,000		356,863		326,863
Operating transfers in						560,000		
Operating transfers out		(173,000)		(173,000)		(154,255)		18,745
Total other financing sources (uses)		(143,000)		(143,000)		762,608		345,608
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other								
financing sources over expenditures and								
other financing uses	_	(10,155,250)		(10,155,250)		(6,318,112)		3,277,138
Fund balance, July 1, 2023		10,155,250		10,155,250		12,739,442		2,584,192
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$		\$		\$	6,421,330	\$	5,861,330
and salunos, suno so, 2027	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	0,421,000	Ψ	0,001,000

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual		
Revenues		Original		Final	Sp	ecial Revenue Fund	Bu	iance with Final dget Favorable Unfavorable)
From local sources								
Other local revenues	\$	34,000	\$	34,000	\$	62,171	\$	28,171
State sources		4,414,419		4,414,419		4,771,583		357,164
Federal - direct						5,269		5,269
Federal - indirect		7,675,789		7,675,789		24,509,762		16,833,973
Total revenues		12,124,208	-	12,124,208		29,348,785		17,224,577
Expenditures								
Instruction		9,963,968		9,963,968		17,393,771		(7,429,803)
Support services								
Student		86,690		86,690		108,557		(21,867)
Instruction staff		518,788		518,788		470,725		48,063
School administration		73,710		73,710		47,472		26,238
Business		346,000		346,000		285,517		60,483
Plant operation and maintenance		323,091		323,091		158,658		164,433
Student transportation		17,680		17,680		18,652		(972)
Community service activities		967,281		967,281		1,019,664		(52,383)
Contingency								
Total expenditures		12,297,208		12,297,208		19,503,016		(7,205,808)
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over expenditures	14	(173,000)		(173,000)		9,845,769		10,018,769
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers in		173,000		173,000		154,255		(18,745)
Operating transfers out				-		(10,000,000)		(10,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	173,000		173,000		(9,845,745)		(10,018,745)
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other								
financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses		- 4				24		24
Fund balance, July 1, 2023				-		(24)		(24)
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$		\$	2	\$		\$	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The District's budgetary process accounts for transactions on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In accordance with state law, the District prepares a general school budget based upon the amount of revenue to be raised by local taxation, including the rate of levy, and from estimates of other Local, State, and Federal revenues. The budget contains estimated expenditures for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses. The budget must be approved by the Board. The District must formally and publicly examine estimated revenues and expenses for the subsequent fiscal year by January 31 of each calendar year. Additionally, the District must submit a certified budget to each school Site Based Decision Making Council by March 1 of each calendar year, which includes the amount for certified and classified staff, based on the District's staffing policy, and the amount for the instructional supplies, materials, travel and equipment. Additionally, the District must adopt a tentative working budget for the subsequent fiscal year by May 30 of each calendar year. The budget must contain a minimum 2% reserve. Finally, the District must adopt a final working budget and submit it to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30 of each calendar year.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

JUNE 30, 2024

	District's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	roportionate share of ension liability (asset)	District's	covered-employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2024	0.35%	\$ 24,384,272	\$	13,737,748	177.50%	57.48%
2023	0.35%	\$ 25,472,441	\$	11,664,280	218.38%	52.42%
2022	0.36%	\$ 22,859,100	\$	9,816,499	232.86%	57.33%
2021	0.38%	\$ 28,953,170	\$	9,212,261	314.29%	47.81%
2020	0.39%	\$ 27,456,162	\$	9,728,211	282.23%	50.45%
2019	0.40%	\$ 24,929,262	\$	9,919,217	251.32%	53.54%
2018	0.42%	\$ 24,627,030	\$	10,204,931	241.32%	55.30%
2017	0.41%	\$ 20,419,452	\$	9,806,437	208.22%	55.50%
2016	0.40%	\$ 17,191,718	\$	9,927,552	173.17%	59.97%
2015	0.39%	\$ 12,704,000	\$	9,073,895	140.01%	66.80%

See notes to Required Supplementary Information.

52

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contribution de	eficiency (excess)	District's	covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2024	\$ 3,206,390	\$ 3,206,390	\$	4	\$	13,737,748	23.34%
2023	\$ 2,729,442	\$ 2,729,442	\$		\$	11,664,280	23.40%
2022	\$ 2,078,153	\$ 2,078,153	\$		\$	9,816,499	21.17%
2021	\$ 1,777,966	\$ 1,777,966	\$	-	\$	9,212,261	19.30%
2020	\$ 1,877,545	\$ 1,877,545	\$		\$	9,728,211	19.30%
2019	\$ 1,608,532	\$ 1,608,532	\$	-	\$	9,919,217	16.22%
2018	\$ 1,477,674	\$ 1,477,674	\$	-	\$	10,204,931	14.48%
2017	\$ 1,831,840	\$ 1,831,840	\$	2	\$	9,806,437	18.68%
2016	\$ 1,691,071	\$ 1,691,071	\$		\$	9,927,552	17.03%
2015	\$ 1,659,036	\$ 1,659,036	\$	-	\$	9,389,507	17.67%

See notes to Required Supplementary Information.

53

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

The assumed rate of inflation was increased from 2.30% to 2.50%. The assumed investment return was changed from 6.25% to 6.50%. The single discount rate changed from 6.25% to 6.50%.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPROTIONATE SHARE OF THE

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)- MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN - COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

JUNE 30, 2024

	District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	oportionate share of PEB liability (asset)	District's	covered-employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2024	0.38%	\$	(524,666)	\$	13,737,748	-3.82%	104.20%
2023	0.36%	\$	6,952,808	\$	11,664,280	59.61%	60.95%
2022	0.36%	\$	6,862,288	\$	9,816,499	69.91%	62.91%
2021	0.38%	\$	9,112,724	\$	9,212,261	98.92%	51.67%
2020	0.39%	\$	6,564,670	\$	9,728,211	67.48%	60.44%
2019	0.40%	\$	7,267,271	\$	9,919,217	73.26%	57.62%
2018	0.42%	\$	8,458,253	\$	10,204,931	82.88%	52.40%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

See notes to Required Supplementary Information.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$13,737,748	0.00%
2023	\$ 395,419	\$ 395,419	\$ -	\$11,664,280	3.39%
2022	\$ 567,394	\$ 567,394	\$ -	\$ 9,816,499	5.78%
2021	\$ 438,503	\$ 438,503	\$ -	\$ 9,212,261	4.76%
2020	\$ 463,063	\$ 463,063	\$ -	\$ 9,728,211	4.76%
2019	\$ 521,633	\$ 521,633	\$ -	\$ 9,919,217	5.26%
2018	\$ 479,632	\$ 479,632	\$ -	\$10,204,931	4.70%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

See notes to Required Supplementary Information.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

The assumed rate of inflation was increased from 2.30% to 2.50%. The assumed investment return was changed from 6.25% to 6.50%. The single discount rate changed from 5.70% to 5.93%. Healthcare trend rates for Pre-65 increased from 6.20% to 6.80%. Healthcare trend rates for Post -65 decreased from 9.00% to 8.50%.

SCHEDULE OF THE STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM JUNE 30, 2024

	State's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2024	100%	\$ 197,561,701	57.68%
2023	100%	\$ 192,154,854	56.41%
2022	100%	\$ 143,828,443	65.59%
2021	100%	\$ 154,783,789	58.27%
2020	100%	\$ 154,900,730	58.80%
2019	100%	\$ 151,289,917	59.30%
2018	100%	\$ 308,181,587	39.83%
2017	100%	\$ 341,911,266	35.22%
2016	100%	\$ 266,172,227	42.49%
2015	100%	\$ 237,453,532	45.59%

SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRIBUTIONS - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficience	y (excess)
2024	\$ 11,883,582	\$ 11,883,582	\$ -	
2023	\$ 17,532,425	\$ 17,532,425	\$ -	
2022	\$ 11,480,871	\$ 11,480,871	\$ -	
2021	\$ 11,203,571	\$ 11,203,571	\$ -	
2020	\$ 11,657,133	\$ 11,657,133	\$ -	
2019	\$ 10,962,108	\$ 10,962,108	\$ -	
2018	\$ 10,972,140	\$ 10,972,180	\$ -	
2017	\$ 5,625,852	\$ 5,625,852	\$ -	
2016	\$ 6,317,791	\$ 5,504,802	\$ -	
2015	\$ 5,595,663	\$ 3,188,146	\$ -	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

The municipal bond index rate changed the 3.37% to 3.66%.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE
NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)- KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
JUNE 30, 2024

	District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's covered-employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)
2024	0.59%	\$ 14,830,000	\$ 12,499,000	\$ 44,627,756	33.23%	52.97%
2023	0.59%	\$ 20,330,000	\$ 6,679,000	\$ 42,019,038	48.38%	47.75%
2022	0.59%	\$ 12,651,000	\$ 10,274,000	\$ 40,633,738	31.13%	51.74%
2021	0.59%	\$ 14,799,000	\$ 11,854,000	\$ 38,353,885	38.59%	39.05%
2020	0.61%	\$ 17,748,000	\$ 14,333,000	\$ 38,332,248	46.30%	32.58%
2019	0.60%	\$ 20,740,000	\$ 17,874,000	\$ 38,048,286	54.51%	25.50%
2018	0.61%	\$ 21,580,000	\$ 17,627,000	\$ 38,037,880	56.73%	21.18%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

See notes to Required Supplementary Information. 61

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ctually required ontribution	Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contribution de	ficiency (excess)	District's covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2024	\$ 1,338,833	\$ 1,338,833	\$		\$ 44,627,756	3.00%
2023	\$ 1,260,571	\$ 1,260,571	\$	2.	\$ 42,019,038	3.00%
2022	\$ 1,219,012	\$ 1,219,012	\$	2	\$ 40,633,738	3.00%
2021	\$ 1,150,617	\$ 1,150,617	\$	7	\$ 38,353,885	3.00%
2020	\$ 1,149,967	\$ 1,149,967	\$		\$ 38,332,248	3.00%
2019	\$ 1,141,449	\$ 1,141,449	\$	-	\$ 38,048,286	3.00%
2018	\$ 1,141,136	\$ 1,141,136	\$	-	\$ 38,037,880	3.00%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

See notes to Required Supplementary Information. 62

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Changes of Benefit Terms

None

Changes of Assumptions

The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.37% to 3.66%.

Healthcare cost trends increased from 5.125% to 6.75%.

Healthcare cost trends for Medicare Part B Premiums decreased from 6.97% to 1.55%.

SCHEDULE OF THE STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN JUNE 30, 2024

	State's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OBEP liability (asset)
2024	100%	\$ 309,000	76.91%
2023	100%	\$ 332,000	73.97%
2022	100%	\$ 137,000	89.15%
2021	100%	\$ 358,000	71.57%
2020	100%	\$ 333,000	73.40%
2019	100%	\$ 307,000	75.00%
2018	100%	\$ 236,000	79.99%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRIBUTIONS - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)
2024	\$ 30,765	\$ 30,765	\$ -
2023	\$ 25,354	\$ 25,354	\$ -
2022	\$ 20,931	\$ 20,931	\$ -
2021	\$ 17,260	\$ 17,260	\$ -
2020	\$ 14,079	\$ 14,079	\$ -
2019	\$ 10,648	\$ 10,648	\$ -
2018	\$ 10,369	\$ 10,369	\$ -

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

The municipal bond index rate increased 3.37% to 3.66%.

	Capital C				Student Activity Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	1,045,793	\$	898,145	\$		\$	1,943,938
Accounts receivable	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		<u>Φ</u>	-	Ψ	-
Total assets	\$		\$	1,045,793	\$	898,145	\$		\$	1,943,938
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Accounts payable	\$	4	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total liabilities		-	_		_		_	-	_	-
Fund Balances - Restricted Restricted				1,045,793		898,145				1,943,938
Total fund balances				1,045,793		898,145				1,943,938
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	-	\$	1,045,793	\$	898,145	\$	- 12	\$	1,943,938

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Student Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues						
From local sources						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 6,584,541	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,584,541	
Student activity revenue			2,028,794		2,028,794	
State sources						
SEEK	767,239	5,108,185			5,875,424	
SFCC On-behalf	-			741,035	741,035	
Total revenues	767,239	11,692,726	2,028,794	741,035	15,229,794	
Expenditure						
Student activity expenditures	-		2,093,418		2,093,418	
Debt service				9,491,415	9,491,415	
Total expenditures			2,093,418	9,491,415	11,584,833	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over						
expenditures	767,239	11,692,726	(64,624)	(8,750,380)	3,644,961	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in	2,107,761		1	8,750,380	10,858,141	
Operating transfers out	(2,875,000)	(10,858,141)		-,,,	(13,733,141)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(767,239)	(10,858,141)		8,750,380	(2,875,000	
Net change in fund balance		834,585	(64,624)		769,961	
Restated fund balance July 1, 2023		211,208	962,769		1,173,977	
Fund balance June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 1,045,793	\$ 898,145	\$ -	\$ 1,943,938	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ELEMENTARY AND MIDDLE SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

School Activity Fund		alances e 30, 2023	R	Receipts	Disbu	rsements	E	sh and Cash quivalents ne 30, 2024	ounts ivable 0, 2024	Pa	counts yable 30, 2024		Balances le 30, 2024
Bush Elementary School	\$	21,889	\$	14,037	\$	9,406	\$	26,520	\$	\$		\$	26,520
Camp Ground Elementary School		14,020		22,476		23,216		13,280	-		-		13,280
Cold Hill Elementary School		21,452		23,949		25,390		20,011	-				20,011
Colony Elementary School		16,312		49,373		57,013		8,672	-		-		8,672
Hazel Green Elementary School		6,053		39,418		39,179		6,292	-				6,292
Hunter Hills Elementary School		7,685		47,607		40,573		14,719	-		2		14,719
Johnson Elementary School		8,281		43,282		38,996		12,567	-				12,567
Keavy Elementary School		14,587		13,973		15,317		13,243	-		1.7		13,243
London Elementary School		20,288		43,712		32,092		31,908	-		2		31,908
North Laurel Middle School		84,733		218,111		193,941		108,903	-		-		108,903
South Laurel Middle School		117,540		256,492		239,031		135,001	-		-		135,001
Sublimity Elementary School		10,077		29,934		27,133		12,878	-		-		12,878
Wyan-Pine Elementary School	-	46,801	_	29,638		24,978	-	51,461	 	_		-	51,461
Totals	\$	389,718	\$	832,002	\$	766,265	\$	455,455	\$ - 2	\$		\$	455,455

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SOUTH LAUREL HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	alances e 30, 2023	_R	eceipts	Disb	oursements	ransfers in/(out)	cash	Cash and n equivalents ne 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2024	Accounts Payable June 30, 2024	Balances ne 30, 2024
Cardinal crazies Pep Club	\$ 557	\$	710	\$	105	\$ (56)	\$	1,106		2	\$ 1,106
Agriculture	32,195		81,812		82,231	356		32,132			32,132
National Honor Society	403		380		648	100		235			235
Art Department	11		311			(69)		253	-		253
Athletics	67,404		118,100		196,582	16,605		5,527			5,527
Madrigal	4,117		15,121		10,235	1,648		10,651			10,651
Swim Team	2.4		250		454	250		46			46
J.R.O.T.C.	4,269		54		1,597			2,726	-		2,726
Beta Club	2,867		750		667	(750)		2,200	-		2,200
First Priority	1,115		-		-	(56)		1,059			1,059
4H Club	224		72		24	- 2		272		2	272
Academic Team	178		-		-	- 2		178	-		178
Fishing	5,534		14,226		12,272	-		7,488		- 2	7,488
Spanish Club	461		9		120	4.		350			350
F.B.L.A.	1,608		4,730		3,075	932		4,195	2	-	4,195
MU Alpha Theta	754		370		495	-		629			629
DECCA	194				2	-		194		9	194
General	4,036		3,407		1,117	(1,000)		5,326			5,326
PBIS	1,128		104		741	- 7		491	4	+	491
F.C.C.L.A	2,987		5,459		6,822	953		2,577		-	2,577
Yearbook	19,251		8,441		17,486	(57)		10,149			10,149
Prom/Junior Class	9,265		8,449		7,702			10,012			10,012
S.A.F.F.E.	2,503		1,612		3,430	(685)			4		
Library Department	2,921		1,198		109	-		4,010	4	-	4,010
Senior Class	3,544		4,985		7,166	(972)		391	14	4	391
Archery Club	3,647		14,267		11,115	(1,139)		5,660	2	-	5,660
Track-Girls	4,159		11,825		10,772	365		5,577		-	5,577
Fashion Club (FCS)	611				80	-		531	-	4	531

Continued on next page

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SOUTH LAUREL HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND -CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Balances June 30, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers in (out)	Cash and cash equivalents June 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2024	Accounts Payable June 30, 2024	Balances June 30, 2024
Baseball Club	1,414	36,464	36,845	30	1,063		4	1,063
Helmet Replacement	-	-		-			2	-
Chorale Club	44	1,648		(1,648)	44		-	44
Cross Country Sports	4,445	577	3,252		1,770		4	1,770
F.M.D. Club	102	-		- 4	102		+	102
Varsity Cheerleaders	6,149	64,914	68,127	20	2,956			2,956
Laurelettes	10,329	11,399	6,497	(194)	15,037			15,037
School Store	835		690	56	201		-	201
Dance	1,200	3,855	1,815		3,240			3,240
Cross Country - Girls	1,887		220		1,667			1,667
Boys Basketball Club	2,555	53,734	61,086	5,385	588		2	588
Girls Basketball Club	2,804	34,651	36,091	1,852	3,216	1.2	4	3,216
Girl-Boy Basketball Fund	4,794	40,368	30,080	(14,480)	602		-	602
Football Club		268	(375)	185	828			828
Athletic Tickets		3,000	3,000					
Girls Golf Club	445	1	-		445			445
Golf Club	421		-		421			421
Boys Soccer	4,175	8,939	10,509		2,605			2,605
Girls Soccer	3,051	180	2,624	(500)	107		1	107
Special Education Dept.	39				39		-	39
Track Club	7,136	670	310	(5,028)	2,468	- 2	- 2	2,468
Girls Softball Club	3,342	31		200	3,573			3,573
Vending Machines	2,523	1,081	680		2,924	-		2,924
Volleyball Club	1,232	4,500	3,712		2,020			2,020
Boys Tennis	181	4 207	0.074	100	181			181
Guidance Department Tennis Club (Girls)	2,278 3,639	4,397 1,728	6,874 5,141	199	226			226
Staff Vending	1,254	999	1,013		1,240			1,240
Special Games	3,427	9,172	6,957	(771)	4,871			4,871
SLHS YSC	540	-	86	(139)	315			315
Staff Generated	31	-			31			31
Band	750		160		590			590
Student Fees	2,953	3,476	4,837	(1,592)				
Total accounts	\$ 249,918	\$ 582,693	\$ 665,276	\$ -	\$ 167,335	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 167,335

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NORTH LAUREL HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

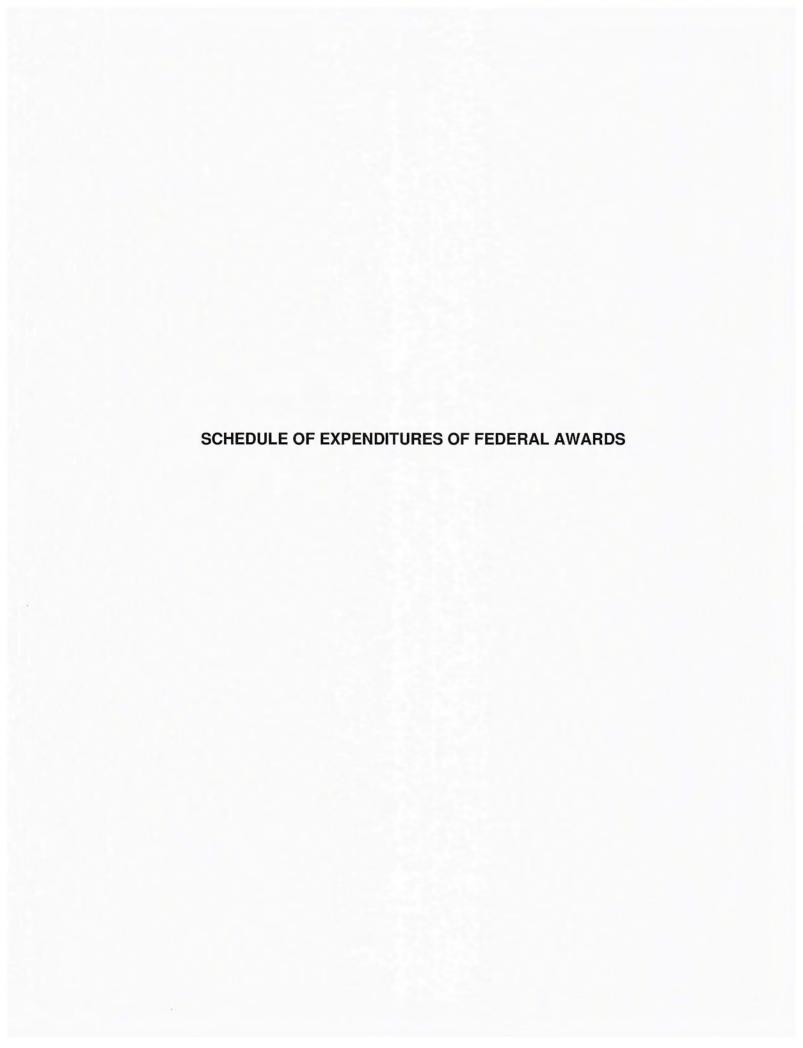
	alances e 30, 2023	F	Receipts	Disi	bursements	ransfers n (out)	cas	Cash and h equivalent ne 30, 2024	_	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2024	1	Accounts Payable ne 30, 2024	Balances e 30, 2024
General	\$ 6,381	\$	8,202	\$	4,724	\$ (810)	\$	9,049	\$		\$		\$ 9,049
Athletic Fund	10,574		42,951		63,959	12,901		2,467				-	2,467
Academic Team					810	810						-	
Autism Awareness Club	414		1,600		997			1,017		- 2		-	1,017
Beta Club	3,866		3,345		3,397			3,814		- 2		-	3,814
Bus Transportation	17,673				-	(6,109)		11,564		-		-	11,564
Business Co-op Class	128		+		-			128		-		-	128
Charitable Gaming	27		2,560		2,560			27		-			27
Dance Team	6,634		10,232		13,186	-		3,680		11.4			3,680
Donation Incentives	1,986		10,203		7,490			4,699				-	4,699
Drama Club	4,683		12,230		7,240	(198)		9,475				+	9,475
Cornhole Club					-			-					
COSPLAY Club	643				-			643					643
F.B.L.A.	135		45		45	- 4-1		135				2	135
F.C.A	446				25	2		421		14		-	421
F.C.C.L.A	3,081		2,728		4,507	600		1,902				-	1,902
FFA	5,963		45,109		42,533	(525)		8,014				-	8,014
First Priority	54				-	-		54		-		-	54
F.M.D Club	3,805		7,655		8,928	-		2,532		-			2,532
Fishing Club	25		4,492		5,861	1,344		-		-		-	
Junior Class	7,836		5,575		8,466	4		4,945				-	4,945
KY JR Hist Soc	20							20				-	20
Library	685		14		21	(75)		603					603
Marching Band	12,161		6,448		19,217	4,181		3,573					3,573
National Honor Society	465		1,585		1,297			753				-	753
N.J.R.O.T.C	3,505		1,174		1,786	-		2,893				2	2,893
Pep Club	1,184		-		107			1,077					1,077
Senior Class	175				-	-		175		-		- 2	175

Continued on next page

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NORTH LAUREL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Balances June 30, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers in (out)	Cash and cash equivalent June 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2024	Accounts Payable June 30, 2024	Balances June 30, 2024
Singing Jags	1,223	8,559	8,065		1,717	4		1,717
Spanish Club	313			4.	313			313
Student YMCA (Y-Club)	1000	7,455	7,247		208			208
earbook	42,248	6,416	491		48,173			48,173
outh Service Center	1,839	0,110	101		1,839			1,839
Student Vendina	381	3,152	7,410	4,026	149		2	149
eacher Vending	839	1,993	8,976	6,412	268			268
Athl Archery	000	1,000	0,570	0,412	200		1	200
thi Archery II	2,428	10,845	7,304	(3,540)	2,429			2,429
thl Baseball	2,420	5,924	5,995	71	2,423		1	2,423
thi Baseball II	11,383	28,216	27,109	(926)	11,564	1		11,564
thl Basketball M	7,920	13,455	10,849	(5,184)	5,342		1	5,342
Athl Basketball M II	59,646	70,717	82,795	(2,910)	44,658			44,658
thl Basketball W	59,040	8,056	8,045	(2,910)	44,030			44,030
thl Basketball W II	25,948	24,763	43,793	1,832	8,750			8,75
thl Cheer				746	0,750			0,75
thl Concessions	376	4,500 34,250	5,622 18,547	(15,703)				
thi Football	25 000			(855)	14 500			14.50
athl Golf-M	25,982	43,882	54,503		14,506			14,506
	2,205	0.107	3,860	1,655	4.040			1.01
Athl Golf-W	3,482	3,187	5,351	-	1,318			1,31
thl P/S Tourneys	248	1.447	0.404	(055)	248			24
thl Socc-M	1,618	4,147	2,481	(855)	2,429			2,42
Athl Socc-M II	9,064	4,069	4,026	(055)	9,107			9,10
thl Socc-W	1,327	2,498	1,245	(855)	1,725			1,72
thl Socc-W II	1,916	4,138	5,302	(055)	752			75
thl Softball	4 700	6,632	5,047	(855)	730		-	730
thi Softball II	1,726	32,339	37,312	6,500	3,253			3,25
thl Swim		500		10.7	500			50
thl Tennis M-W	202	12 22	2,048	2,048	2027		1.5	2.12
thl Tennis II	5,150	12,633	9,571	(2,048)	6,164			6,164
thl Track M-W	0.000	0.107	150	150	72.1.2			65.5
thl Track II	13,029	4,534	3,915		13,648			13,648
thi Volley Ball	739	5,796	2,285	(855)	3,395		-	3,39
thi Volley Ball II	3,274	18,405	14,432	(966)	6,281	-	-	6,28
Athl XC II	6,279	8,990	3,045	4	12,228	7	17	12,228
Change Order		67,900	67,900	•				



Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education Passed through the Kentucky Department of Education: Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3210002 24	\$ 3,899,835
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3210002 23	66,263
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3210002 22	1,129,749
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			5,095,847
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	3160002 24	518,518
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	3160002 23	123,381
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			641,899
Special EducationGrants to States	84.027	3810002 24	2,076,196
Special EducationGrants to States (COVID-19)	84.027	3810002 24	464,505
Special EducationGrants to States	84.027	3810002 23	27,701
	5,455,4	20150000	2,568,402
Consider Education Procedural Consta	84.173	3800002 24	109 170
Special EducationPreschool Grants	84.173	3800002 24	108,172
Special EducationPreschool Grants (COVID-19)	64.173	3800002 24	108,172
Total Special Education Cluster			2,676,574
Title I - Neglected and Delinquent Children	84.013	313X	26,200
	5.4615	-5555	26,200
Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	4621032 24	95,544
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States	84.048	4621132 23	50,019
			145,563
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 24	252,177
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 23	84,935
			337,112
Education Stabilization Fund (COVID-19):			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (COVID-19) American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary	84.425A	554G	263,648
School Emergency Relief Fund (COVID-19)	84.425U	473G	14,962,996
			15,226,644
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	84.424	552X	359,923
			359,923
Total U.S. Department of Education			24,509,762
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through the Kentucky Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster	10 555	7750000 00	E 166 204
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Supply Chain Assistance	10.555 10.555	7750002 22 7750003 22	5,166,304
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 22	1,781,078
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555	7750002 22	210,595
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			7,157,977
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	500355528	14,260
Pandemic EBT Adminstrative Costs	10.649	500365529	
T-1110 B-11110 B-11110			7 170 000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			7,172,237

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Federal <u>ALN</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct Program			
ROTC Miscellaneous	12.000	5041X	5,269
Total U.S. Department of Defense			5,269
Total federal expenditures			\$ 31,687,268

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Laurel County School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Because this Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

2. IN-KIND COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed. The District no longer maintains a separate commodities inventory due to changes in program regulations. Commodities are included under the Child Nutrition Cluster. The valued amount of commodities received for June 30, 2024 is \$210,595.

3. CLUSTER PROGRAMS

The following CFDA numbers are considered cluster programs:

Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States	84.027
Special Education – Preschool Grants	84.173
Child Nutrition Cluster	
National School Lunch Program	10.555
National School Breakfast Program	10.553
Special Milk Program for Children	10.556
Summer Food Services for Children	10.559

4. INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.



Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Laurel County School District London, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Laurel County School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our test disclosed no instances of material noncompliance with specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Independent Auditor's Contract-State Audit Requirements*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Cloyd & Associates, PSC London, Kentucky January 31, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Laurel County School District London, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Laurel County School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract-State Audit Requirements*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such
 other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Cloyd & Associates, PSC London, Kentucky January 31, 2025 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmo	dified	
Internal control over financial reporting:	4.0		Vic.
Material weakness identified	Yes		No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial			riono roportou
statement noted	Yes		No
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weaknesses identified	Yes		No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not			
considered to be material weaknesses	Yes		None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Llom	odified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required	Offili	Julieu	
to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section			
200.516(a)	Yes		No
Identification of major programs:			
Name of Federal Program or Cluster	CFDA Number		
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027		
Special Education – Preschool Grants	84.173		
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan			
Elementary and Secondary School	de dias		
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U		
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D		
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425A		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish			
between Type A and Type B program	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low risk	Yes	_	No

(continued)

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

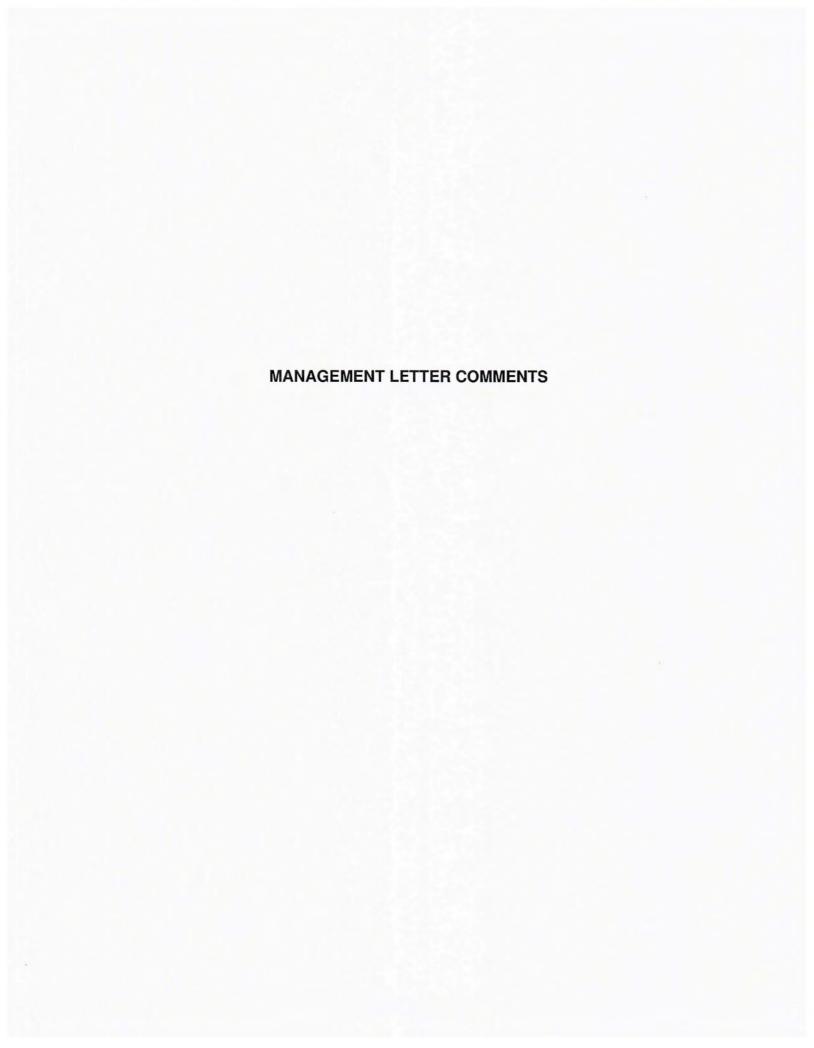
Section III - Federal Award Findings

None

LAUREL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Status of Prior Year Findings

There were no prior year audit findings.





Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors

> Members of the Board of Education Laurel County School District London, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Laurel County School District for the year ended June 30, 2024, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

If during our audit we noted matters that may be opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency, we have included that on the memorandum that accompanies this letter which summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters, if any. This letter does not affect our report thereon dated January 31, 2025, on the basic financial statements of Laurel County School District.

Respectfully,

Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Cloyd & Associates, PSC London, Kentucky January 31, 2025



MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Prior Year Comments - School Activity Funds

There were no comments in the prior year.

Current Year Comments - School Activity Funds

No current year comments were noted.